

# EXHIBIT D

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UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

BEFORE THE PATENT TRIAL AND APPEAL BOARD

GOOGLE LLC,  
Petitioner,

v.

SINGULAR COMPUTING LLC,  
Patent Owner.

IPR2021-00179  
Patent 8,407,273 B2

Before JUSTIN T. ARBES, STACEY G. WHITE, and JASON M. REPKO,  
*Administrative Patent Judges.*

PER CURIAM.

JUDGMENT  
Final Written Decision  
Determining Some Challenged Claims Unpatentable  
*35 U.S.C. § 318(a)*  
Dismissing Patent Owner's Motion to Exclude  
*37 C.F.R. § 42.64*  
Granting Patent Owner's and Petitioner's Motions to Seal  
*37 C.F.R. §§ 42.14, 42.54*

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ordinary skill in the art would have had reason to combine the prior art references. *See* 35 U.S.C. § 316(e); *Magnum Oil*, 829 F.3d at 1380.

Moreover, Patent Owner’s arguments are supported by evidence. Patent Owner relies on the disclosures of Dockser and MacMillan themselves, expert testimony from Dr. Khatri (which we credit on the issue of reasons to combine Dockser and MacMillan), and cross-examination testimony from Mr. Goodin. *See* PO Resp. 34–36; Sur-Reply 14–15; Ex. 2051 ¶¶ 101–104.

For the reasons explained above, we are not persuaded that a person of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Dockser and MacMillan in the manner asserted by Petitioner.<sup>8</sup> Accordingly, Petitioner has not shown, by a preponderance of the evidence, that claim 8 would have been obvious based on Dockser and MacMillan under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).

### *3. Claims 3–7, 9–20, 25, 36–61, and 63*

Many of the other challenged claims include limitations similar to the “exceeds” limitation of claim 8. Claims 5 and 10 recite the same limitation, replacing “at least one hundred” with “at least ten” and “at least five hundred,” respectively. Claim 36 recites that “the number of LPHDR execution units in the device exceeds the non-negative integer number of

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<sup>8</sup> Given this determination, we need not address Patent Owner’s argument that the references fail to teach the “exceeds” limitation of claim 8 (as well as similar limitations in claims 5, 6, 10–18, 36–61, and 63) because the alleged “LPHDR execution units” (i.e., the Dockser FPPs in the PEs) are “adapted to execute at least the operation of multiplication on floating point numbers that are at least 32 bits wide” (in addition to executing at reduced precision) and thus “the number of LPHDR execution units will never exceed the number of full-precision multiplication execution units,” as required by the claim. *See* PO Resp. 27–34; Reply 12–15; Sur-Reply 10–14.